Seattle Industrial Areas Freight Access Project

Summary of Existing Conditions







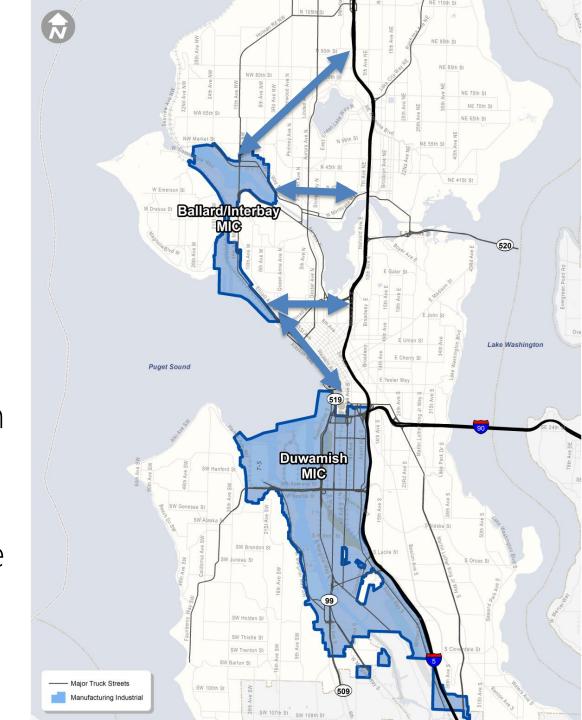
Presentation overview

- Project area
- Project objectives
- FAB workshops
- Existing conditions
- Next steps
- Questions



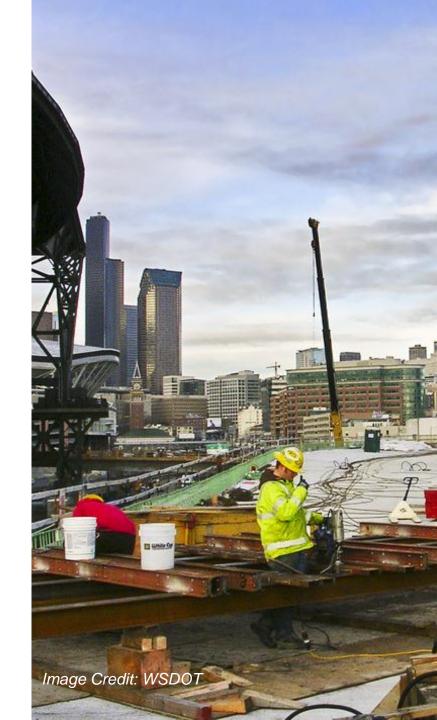
Project area

- MICs
 - Ballard/Interbay
 - Duwamish
- Connecting Corridors between MICs
- Corridors from the MICs to the Regional Highway System



Project objectives

- Increase safety for all travel modes
- 2. Maintain and improve truck mobility and access to accommodate expected general traffic, freight, and cargo growth
- Ensure connectivity for major freight intermodal facilities
- Reduce environmental impacts, including greenhouse gas emissions



FAB workshops

Issues, concerns, solutions	✓
Performance Measures	✓
Summary of Existing Conditions	May 20
Future Conditions	June 17
Draft improvement concepts	TBD
Final Draft improvement projects	TBD

Existing conditions for trucks

- Street network
- Mobility constraints
- Corridor volumes
- Corridor travel speeds
- Collision history
- Pavement and bridge conditions
- Multi-modal demands





Street network

- Arterial Streets trucks are allowed
- Major Truck Street:
 - principal arterials
 - Complete Streets
 ordinance states
 "freight will be the
 major priority"
- Last mile connections



Arterial Map

Mobility constraints



Intersection Operations





At-grade RR Crossings

Mobility constraints







Mobility constraints



Height Restriction (Less than 14'0")



Geometric Constraint



Weight Restriction



Intersection Operations



At-Grade Rail Crossing



> 9% Slope



IIIIII 5-8% Slope



Moveable Bridge

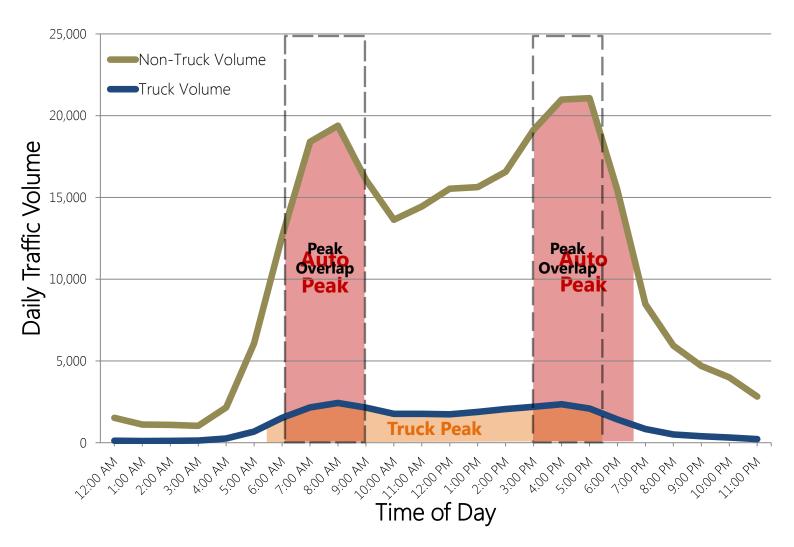


Downtown Traffic Control Zone

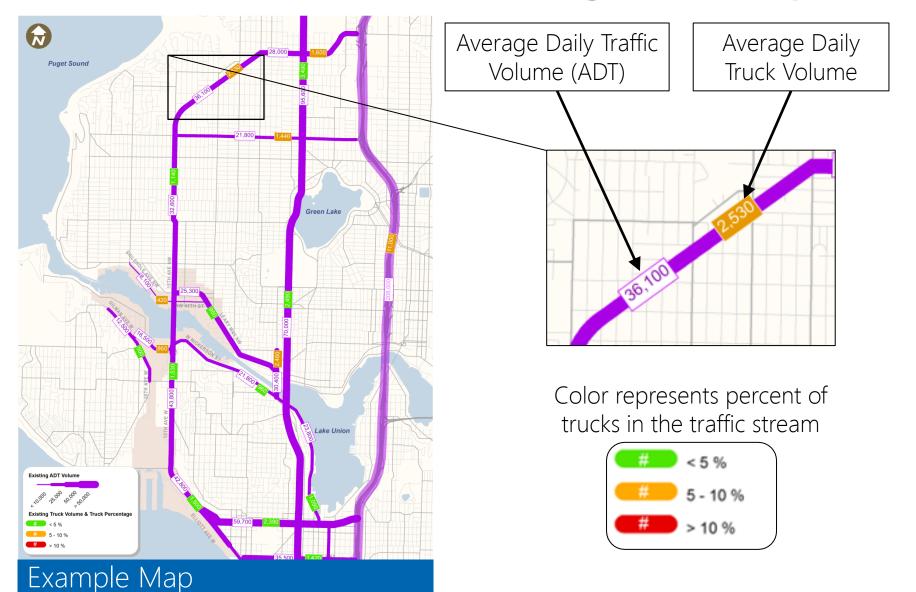


Map of Constraints

Average daily truck & auto volumes



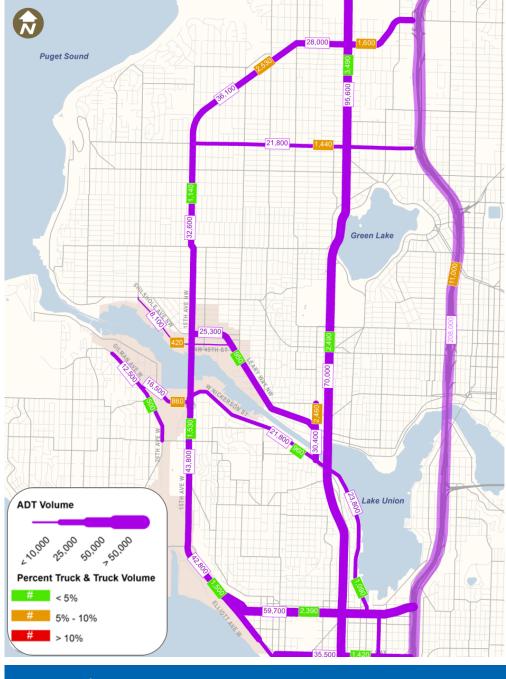
Truck volumes – reading the maps



Truck volumes

- 15th Avenue NW and Elliott Ave W have the highest daily percentage of trucks
- Limited east-west truck routes

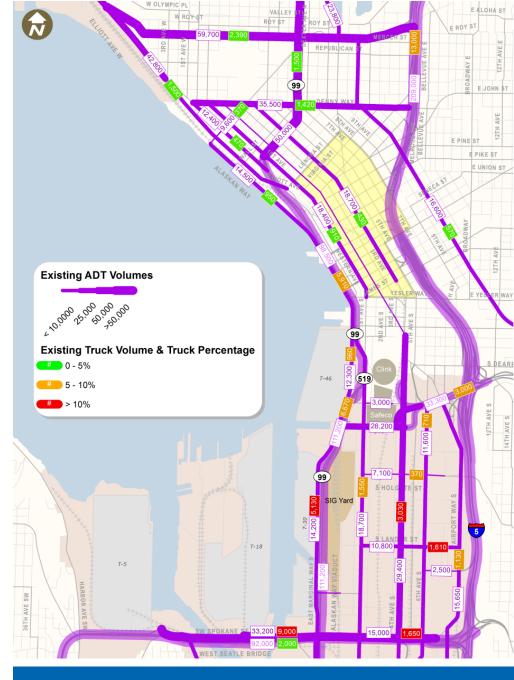
Data gaps still exist



North

Truck volumes

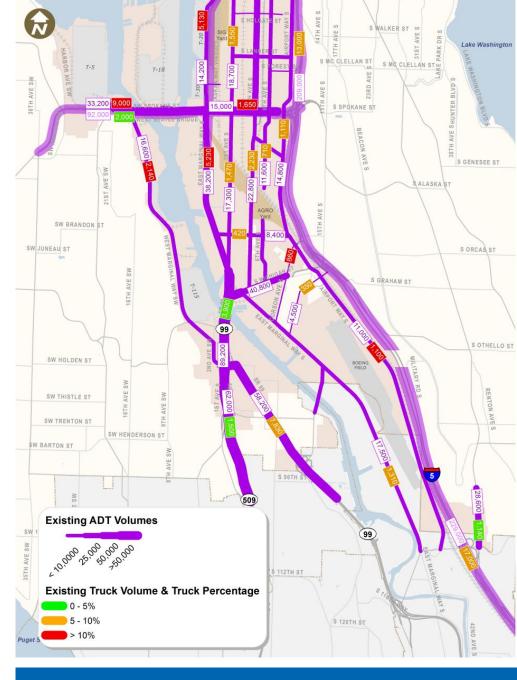
 Few surface street connections through Downtown



Central

Truck volumes

- Trucks account for more than 10 percent of traffic on most roadways
- Port activity contributes to the large number of Duwamish truck movements

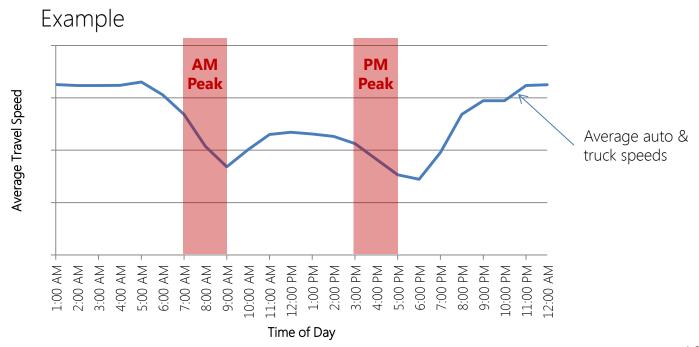


South

New travel speed methodology

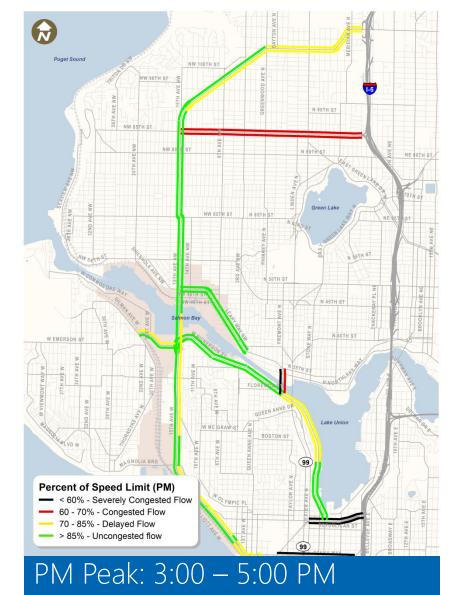
- Congestion measured as percent of posted speed limit
 - i.e. < 60% of speed limit is severely congested flow

- Focus on peak periods
 - 7:00 to 9:00 AM
 - 3:00 to 5:00 PM

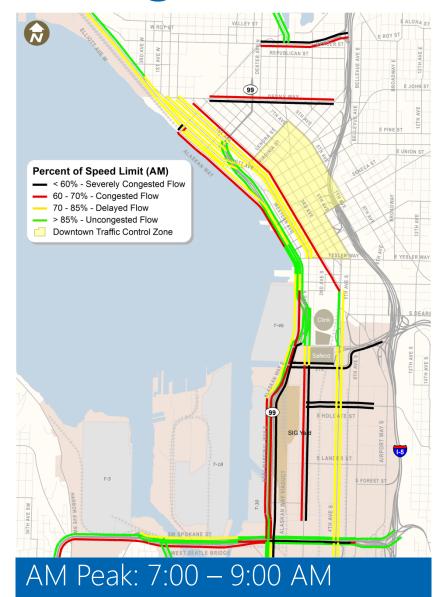


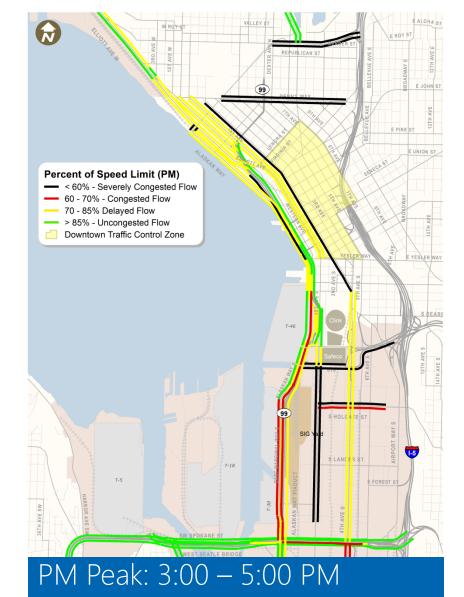
Congestion levels – north



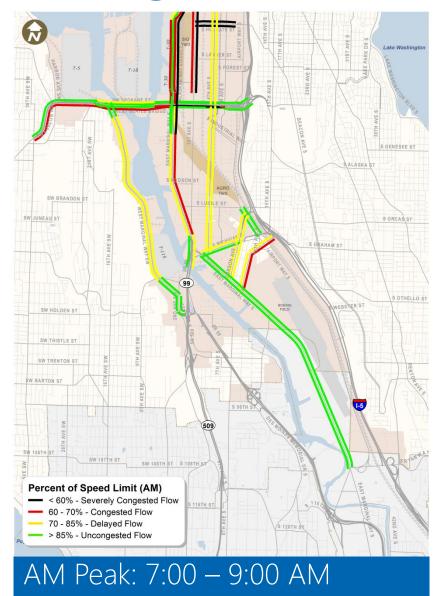


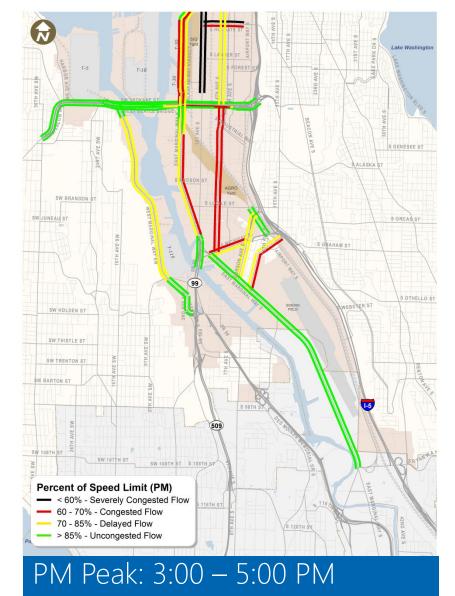
Congestion levels – central





Congestion levels—south





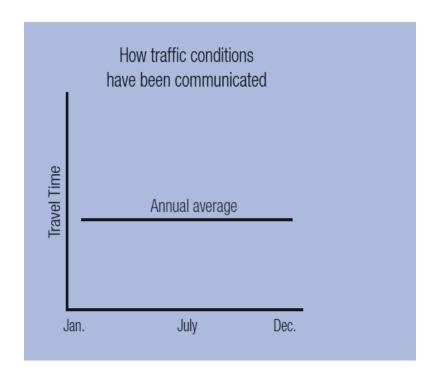
System reliability

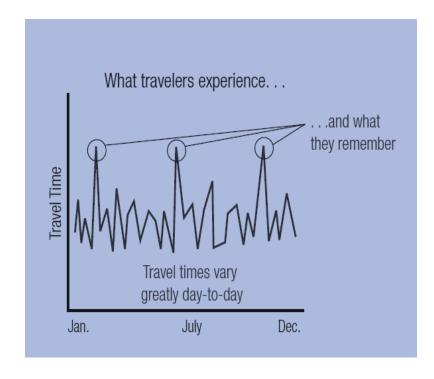
What it Measures

- Variability of travel time or delay
- Concept of buffer index



Buffer index

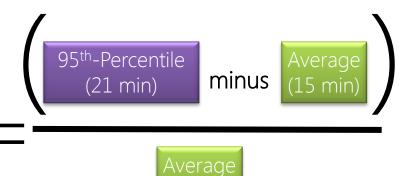




Example

Plan for 40% more travel time ~ or six additional minutes to arrive on-time





(15 min)

Rail operations

 At-grade rail crossings on mainline in MICs

Average Daily Totals (2012 weekday)	Duwamish MIC		MIC connection
	Holgate Street	Lander Street	Broad Street
Train Crossings	107	87	52
Total Gate Down Time (hours)	3.6	3.7	2.8
Average Gate Down Time (min.)	2.0	2.5	3.3
Minimum/ Maximum Gate Down Time (min.)	0.3 – 8.2	0.5 – 8.1	1.1 – 11.6
Average Train Speed (mph)	7.4	8.1	6.7
Minimum/Maximum Train Speed (mph)	0.4 – 24.6	0.5 – 22.9	0.3 – 22.7

Source: SDOT Coal Train Traffic Impact Study (2012)

Next steps

July	Future Conditions and Needs Identification
September	Improvement Project Identification and Prioritization
October/ November	Preparation of Draft Plan

Questions?

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http://www.seattle.gov/transportation









